Emerging Trends in Inclusive Postsecondary Education

Clare Papay

Think College, Institute for Community Inclusion, University of Massachusetts Boston







Changing Expectations. Increasing Opportunities.

Think College is a national organization dedicated to developing, expanding, and improving research and practice in inclusive higher education for people with intellectual disability.

www.ThinkCollege.net

The Think College website is a trusted source for information, training, and resources related to inclusive higher education for students with intellectual disability. The website includes:

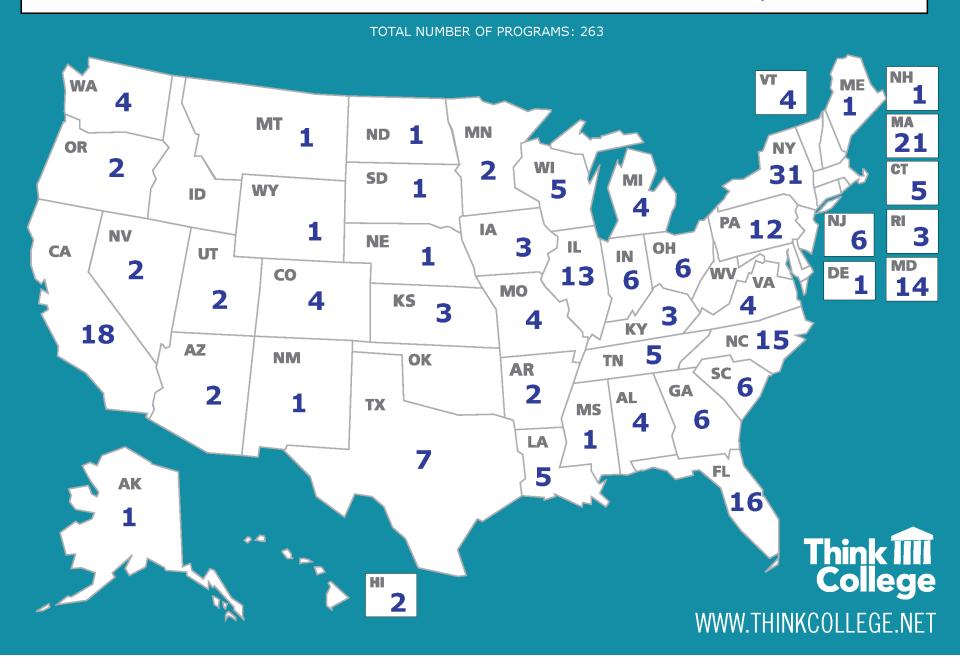
- A searchable program directory to learn more about available college options
- A resource library that includes published research as well as field-created tools and resources
- Online learning modules on a variety of topics
- Research to practice briefs, e-newsletters, and journal articles
- Topical information on the critical issues
- A policy and legislation clearinghouse

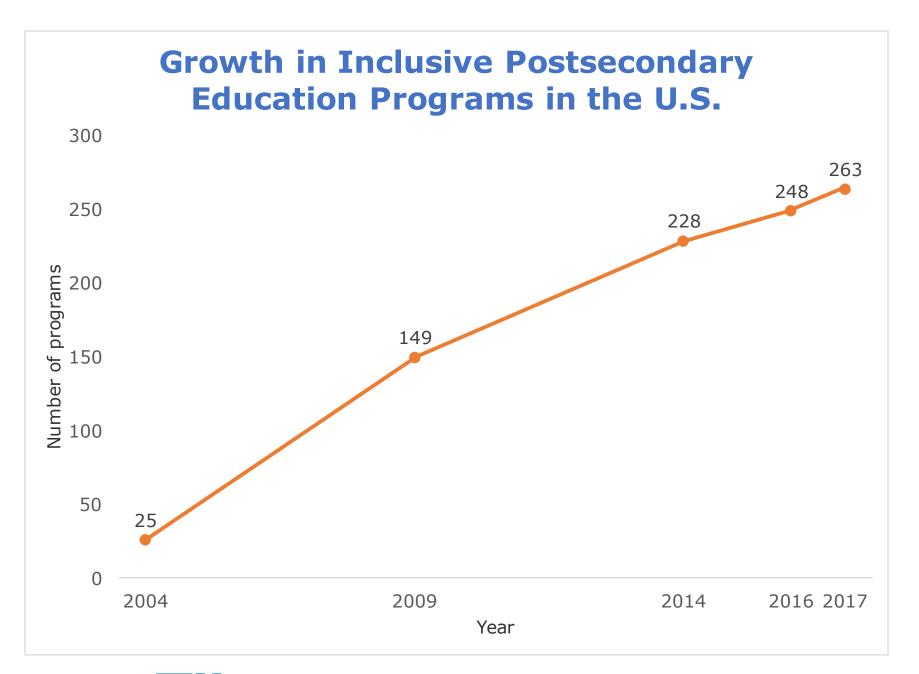


Agenda

- Overview of inclusive postsecondary education options for students with intellectual disability (ID)
- TPSID 1: Findings from 2010-2015
- TPSID 2: NEW! A first look at TPSID 2015-2016
- What's next for inclusive postsecondary education?

COLLEGE OPTIONS FOR PEOPLE WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITIES, MARCH 2017







Categories of College Programs

- Transition and Postsecondary Programs for Students with Intellectual Disabilities
 - Model Demonstration projects funded by the US Department of Education, Office of Postsecondary Education
- Comprehensive Transition and Postsecondary (CTP) Programs
 - ■Programs that have been through an approval process and can offer access to federal financial aid

*Some programs are both

Most programs today are neither



COLLEGE OPTIONS offering Federal Financial Aid, February 2017 (N=61)





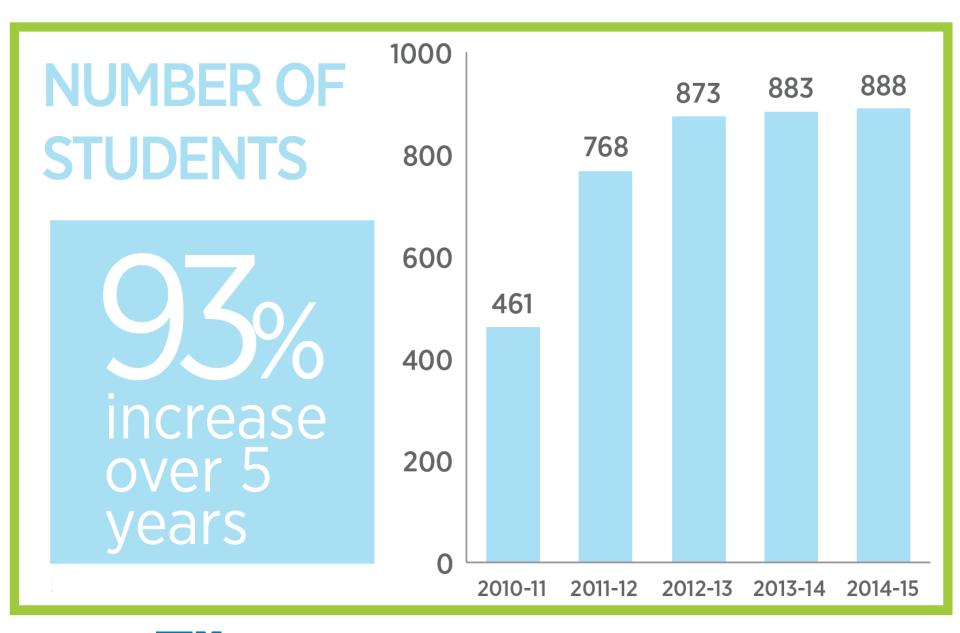




TPSID: The First 5 Years

All TPSID Sites 2010-2015

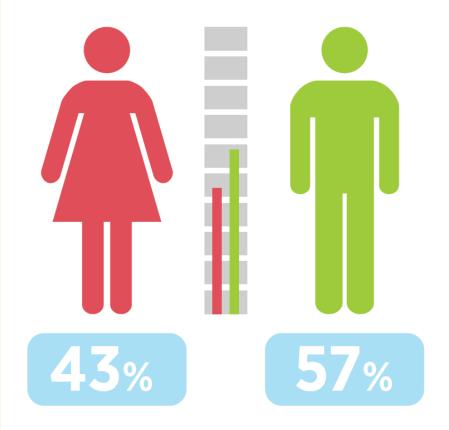






Student Trends

DEMOGRAPHICS



2,254
total number of students

22% dually enrolled

Campus Trends



increase over 5 years





Housing Trends

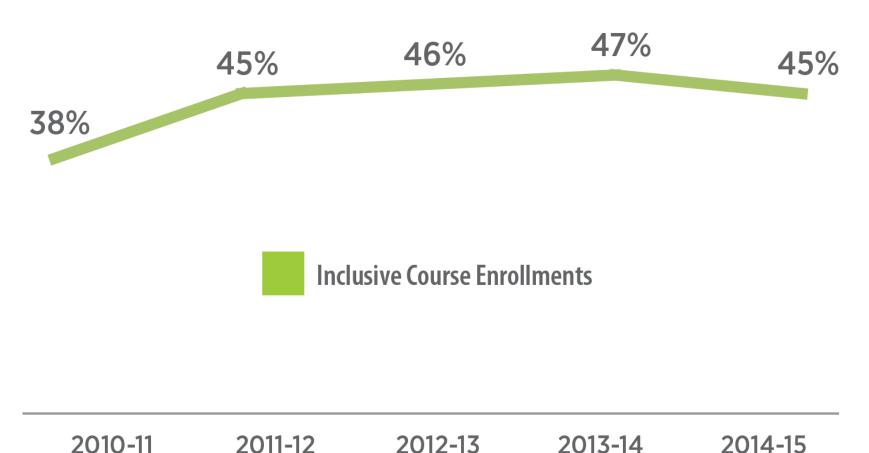
HOUSING

15

Number of campuses (out of 29) that offered residential housing for students with ID.



TRENDS IN INCLUSIVE COURSE ACCESS

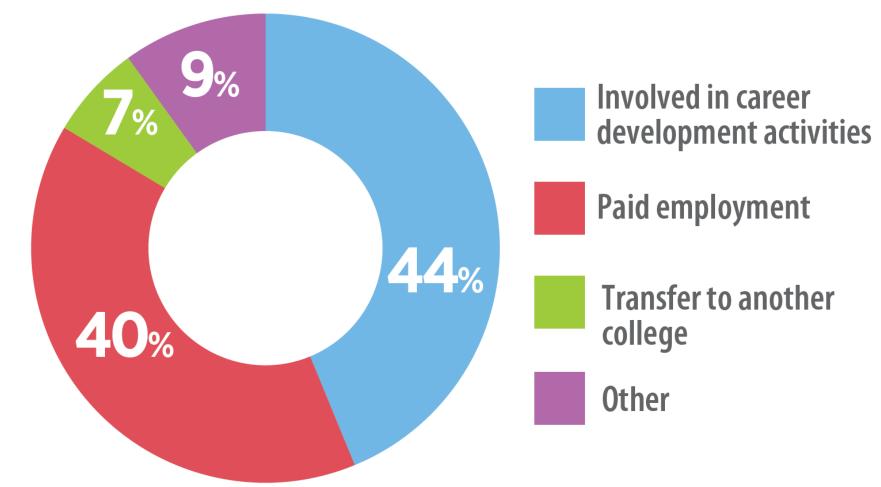


27%

Percent reduction in the number of individuals who were on SSI benefits upon exit from the program.

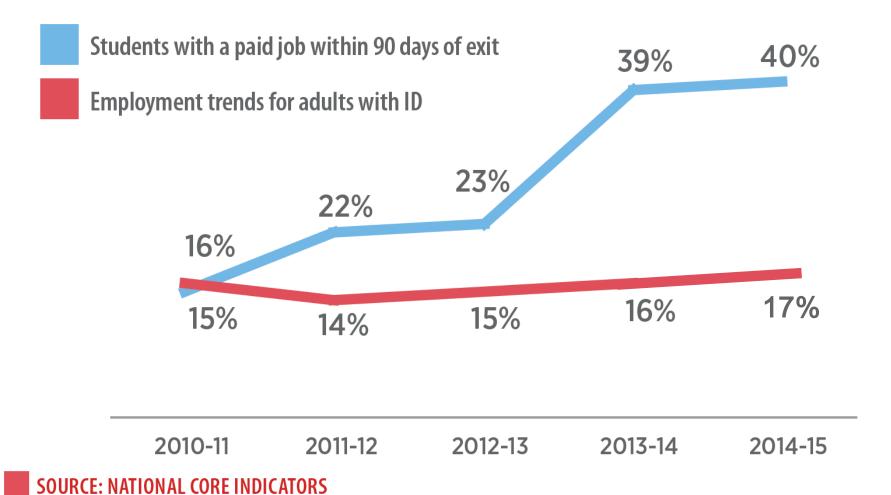


STUDENT OUTCOMES AT EXIT





PAID EMPLOYMENT AT EXIT TRENDS

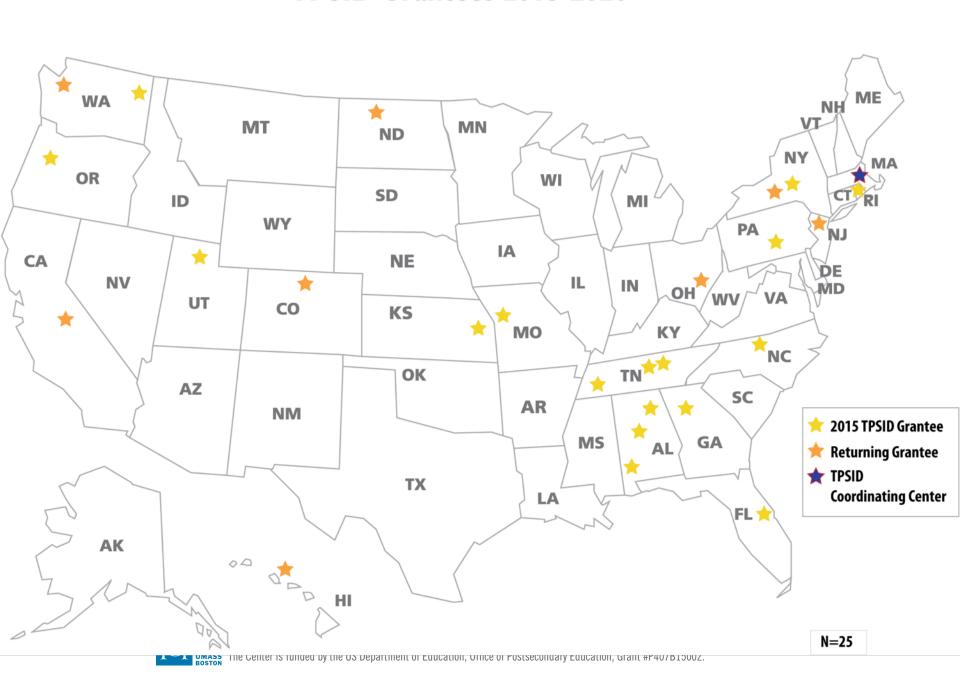






NEW! A first look at Cohort 2 TPSIDs

TPSID Grantees 2015-2020





TPSID 2015-2020 Grantees

- 25 grants awarded October2015
- •8 returning grantees
- 7 Consortia working with 21 additional campuses
- •23 grantees are 4-year IHEs
- •2 grantees are 2-year IHEs

2015-16 Campuses

•44 campuses

- •36 campuses served students in 2015-16
- 29 campuses served students prior to the TPSID grant (66%)
- 15 campuses provided dual enrollment (42%)
- 17 residential campuses offered housing to TPSID students
- 10 2-year 34 4-year campuses
- 12 CTP programs (27%)
- 24 campuses partnered with VR (55%)



2015-16 Students

•449 students

- 81% had an intellectual disability
- 59% male 41% female
- 31% dually enrolled
- **88%** between age 18 and 25
- 62% white 25% Black/African American 15% Hispanic/Latino

2015-16 Credentials offered by programs

6 = no credential

7 = Associate's degree

4 = Bachelor's degree

14 = IHE-approved certificate available to both TPSID and non-TPSID students

10 = IHE-approved
certificate for TPSID
 students only

18 = specialized
certificate granted
 by the TPSID

IHE = Institution of Higher Education



Academic access and supports

- 43% of enrollments were in inclusive classes
- 38% of enrollments at 2-year schools were inclusive compared to
 57% of enrollments at 4-year schools
- 57% of programs provided access to the Disability Supports Office
- 59% of students accessed accommodations through the DSO
- 89% of programs used peer mentors to support students

Outcomes at exit

34% of students had a paid job within 90 days of exit
51% were involved in career development activities
3% transferred to another school

33% of students who exited were on SSI when they entered and were off SSI when they exited

VR Supports

•41% received services from a state VR program this year

| VR Service | % of students |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Benefits counseling | 14% |
| Self-advocacy instruction | 12% |
| Work-based learning | |
| experiences | 24% |
| Social skills instruction | 14% |
| Workplace skills and instruction | 19% |
| Job coaching | 29% |
| Supported employment | 16% |
| Other | 34% |



What do we know?

- Students with intellectual disability can take college courses
 - Requires planning
 - Accommodations
 - Sometimes strategic supports
- Institutions of higher education can respond to diverse learning needs
 - Requires commitment
 - Vision
 - Sustained attention and communication
- Students with ID can get paid jobs while taking classes in college
 - Working and learning are not mutually exclusive



7,253 postsecondary IHEs in the U.S.

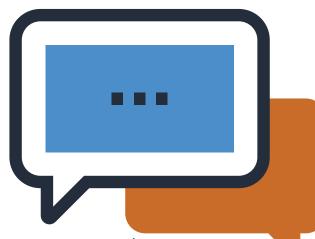
263 programs for students with ID

Only 3% of the college options that other students have

What's next?

- Accreditation standards finalized and process developed
- Improve and expand credentials
- CTP application, approval and oversight
- Policies on VR, Medicaid, WIOA
- Higher Education Act reauthorization
- Increase awareness and understanding with schools/families

Join Think College Conversations



Connect online with others interested in postsecondary education for students with intellectual disabilities.

To learn more and sign up, visit

www.thinkcollege.net/convos

Questions? Contact Rebecca Lazo at rebecca.lazo@umb.edu





Want to learn more?

www.thinkcollege.net

Need Advice? Think College can help...

thinkcollegeTA@gmail.com



















Please complete the session evaluation:

http://www.surveygizmo.com/s3/3439971/Think-College-Conference-Session-Evaluation-Emerging-Trends-in-Post-Secondary-Education-3-23-2017

